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AN/SLQ-32(V) OPERATOR'S HAND'BOOK Volume 1

T.M. Elbourn, EW1 USN, W.G. Lewis, NOSC Code 8231 B.R. Schermerhorn, EW2 USN, and

AEGIS Combat Systems Operational Support Group R.L. Machleit, EWC USN,

29 August 1980

AEGIS Shipbuilding Project Office Prepared for Naval Sea Systems Command

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assistance of enlisted personnel attached to the AEGIS Combat Systems Operational Support Group at Laurel, Maryland. It was sponsored by the AEGIS Shipbuilding Project Office, PMS 400F, Washington DC 20360. This document covers work from 1 July 1979 through 30 July 1980 and was approved for publica-Work was performed under the Human Factors Engineering Branch (Code 8231) work unit CEO3, with the tion 29 August 1980.

in the review of these volumes to assure their usefulness to the Fleet; the cooperation of the Raytheon Corporation, Goleta, California, in making AN/SLQ-32 documentation available; and the outstanding con-The authors wish to acknowledge the following: The support of the AEGIS Project Office, particularly Mr. J. Fedorko, NAVSEA Code 400F, and Captain W. Ward Lasley, Commanding Officer, Naval Plant Representative Office, Laurel, Maryland; the efforts of the enlisted personal at Naval Surface Weapons Center, Dahlgren, Virginia; Naval Training Center, Corry Station, Pensacula, Florida; Fleat Combat Training Center, Pacific, San Diego, California; and USS TEXAS (CGN 39); all of whom assisted tributions of time and editing ability of M. V. Heeley (NOSC Code 823) to this effort.

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Under authority of J. H. Maynard, Head Command Control -Electronic Warfare Systems and Technology Department Contraction of

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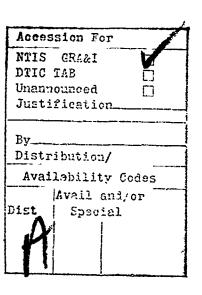
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AEGIS Combat Direction System. It describes the AN/SLQ-32 Electronic Warfare system, provides a complete set of abbreviations and acronyms specific to the AN/SLQ-32, describes each display format, and describes the function and operation of each control. The second volume provides a series of illustrations which This volume is the first in a series addressing the role of the operator in Electronic Warfare in the guide the user through the console functions and operations available to him except for activation of Active Electronic Counter Measures (AECM).

can be used to support other efforts concerned with AN/SLQ-32 training, system checkout, test and evaluation, (Code 8231) of the Naval Ocean Systems Center (NOSC), in San Diego, California, and the AEGIS Combat Systems Although these documents are in direct support of the AEGIS Program, they have wider utility in that they stallations. They represent a coordinated and cooperative effort of the Human Factors Engineering Branch orientation, software development, etc., and, therefore, are being made available to other AN/SLQ-32 in-Operational Support Group at the Applied Physics Laboratory, in Laurel, Maryland

AEGIS Shipbuilding Project Office, 20360 PMS 400F, Naval Sea Systems Command, Department of the Navy, Washington DC All comments and requests for additional copies should be addressed to:



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VOLUME I TABLE OF CONTENTS

	2	က	4	2	9	7	ω	6	Ξ	12	13	14	16	18	21	52	30	33	37
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
•	•		•	•	•	•		•		•	•	•	•				•		
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Introduction	9	SL(SL(SL(<u> </u>	ũ	e	ű.	\overline{z}	Š	\ddot{z}	ĵ	SL(ű	函	æ	ũ	<u>۲</u>	
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111	AN/SLQ-32 System Description.	Ø	⋖	⋖	Console - General Description	□	Console Functional Desc	J		_	ی	_	⋖	L			۵	Abbreviations/Acronyms.	Index
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I. INTRODUCTION

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AN/SLQ-32 Electronic Warfare System. Although this manual was developed by Naval Ocean Systems Center (NOSC) may be used in conjunction with other AN/SLQ-32 systems. It is anticipated that NOSC (Code 8231)/CSOSG will This handbook is intended to be a familiarization and learning aid to operators of the AEGIS Combat System and members of the AEGIS Combat System Operational Support Group (CSOSG) for use by AEGIS EW personnel, it provide correction sheets as required

trination to system operations. Other personnel within the Combat Information Center (CIC) team may also Those not familiar with the AN/SLQ-32 Electronic Warfare System will find this manual serves as an indocthis manual to aid in maintaining or increasing their proficiency for operating the system. This manual find it useful for this purpose. AN/SLQ-32 operators who have received training in this system can use can also be used to augment shipboard EW Personnel Qualification Standards (PQS)

guide to its operation by merely following the Operator Action indicated on each sheet, thereby allowing Since actual display illustrations are incorporated into this manual, it is not mandatory that the user have access to an AN/SLC-32 system. However, if a system is available, the manual can be used as the user to gain experience on the equipment without requiring a supervisor in attendance. This manual is designed to supplement other materials; it is not intended to replace or serve as a Technical Manual. It does not eliminate the need for &1. AN/SLQ-32 operator to attend EW Operator School.

I. AN/SLQ-32 SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

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AN/SLQ-32 is designed for this purpose. Its primary mission is ownship defense against the ASCM threat. (ASCMs), the need has arisen for an Electronic Warfare System aboard surface ships to meet this threat. Today, with the capability of various platforms to carry and launch multiple Anti-Ship Cruise Missiles

Three variants were developed:

- The AN/SLQ-32(V)], Fig.], is a basic ESM suite with Band 3 coverage only. It provides detection, The (V)1 is identification, and bearing of radar-guided ASCMs and their associated threat platforms. normally deployed on small auxiliaries and small Amphibious ships (LKA, LSD, LST).
- The AN/SLQ-32(V)2, Fig. 2, possesses the (V)1's capabilities, plus extended frequency coverage (Bands] and 2) to aid in the detection and identification of navigation radars, IFF transponders, etc. The (V)2 is normally deployed on DDGs, FFs, FFGs, and SPRUANCE Class destroyers. It is also scheduled installation on a new 270-foot class of Coast Guard Medium Endurance Cutters (MEC 270).
- Electronic Countermeasures (AECM) subsystem. It can combat missile and associated threat platforms through the use of jamming or deception techniques which disrupt the targeting information necessary for a missile The AN/SLQ-32(V)3, Fig. 3, is basically the (V)2 suite with the addition of a modular Active attack. A Quick Reaction (QR) mode is also a feature of the (V)3. In this mode of operation, the normally deployed on Cruisers, large Auxiliaries (AOE, AOR), and Amphibious (LHA, LCC, LPD) ships. AN/SLQ-32(V)3 will initiate AECM against pre-launch target acquisition "pop up" radars.

All variants or the AN/SLQ-32 prssess the hardware necessary for the control and firing of chaff.

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FIGURE 1. AN/SLQ-32(V)1 EQUIPMENT LAYOUT

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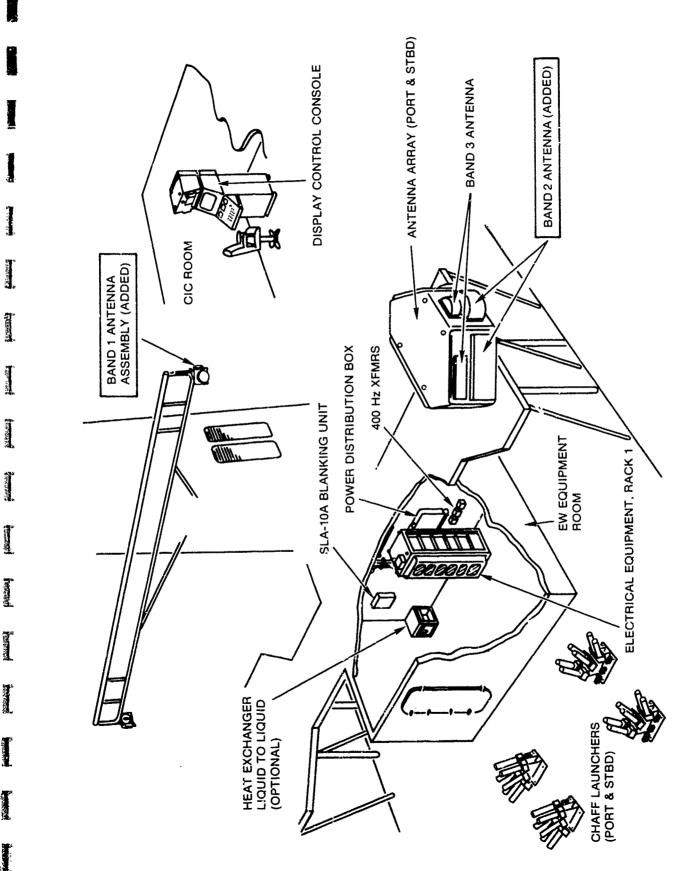
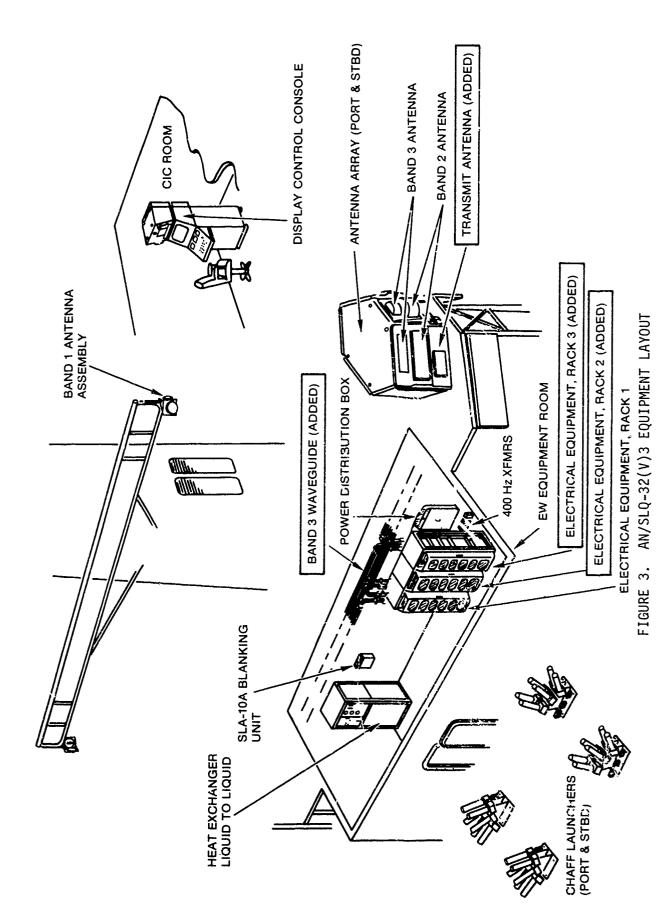


FIGURE 2. AN/SLQ-32(V)2 EQUIPMENT LAYOUT

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III. CONSOLE -- GENERAL DESCRIPTION

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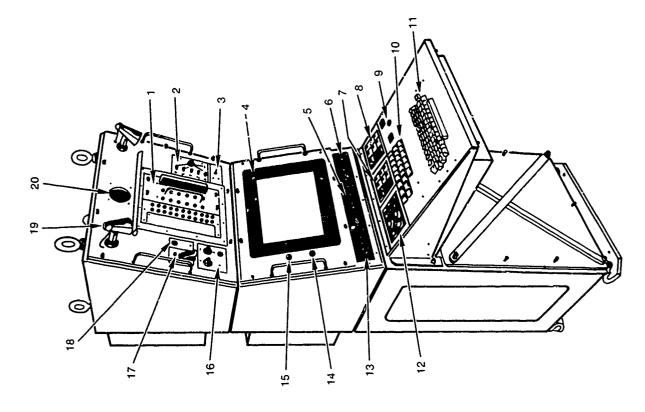
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- Communication Communicatio

The Display Control Console (DCC), Fig. 4, is physically identical for all variants, although some functions are not used on all variants. The (V)1 DCC makes use of only those functions necessary for Band 3 system operation. It contains all of the controls necessary for the tactical operation of the AN/SLQ-32 system. operation; the (V)2 DCC for Band 1, 2, and 3 operation; and the (V)3 DCC for all three bands plus AECM

Communications with other intra-ship CIC units are implemented through the use of "push to talk" intercoms located on the DCC voice panel.

Extensive diagnostic programs, Built-In Test (BIT), and review of the system data base are also functions of the DCC.



FIXED ACTION BUITON (FAB) CONTROL GROUP

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11. KEYBOARD CONTROL GROUP

AUDIO CONTROL GROUP BIT STATUS INDICATORS

5 5 4 5 9

BRIGHTNESS CONTROL CONSOLE ILLUMINATION CONTROL

CONTRAST CONTROL

BATTLE SHORT CONTROL

18. PROGRAM LOAD CONTROL 19. UPPER FLOOD LAMP 20. SPEAKER

CHAFF LAUNCHER CONTROL GROUP UPPER OPERATOR PANEL CONTROLS

INTERLOCK STATUS INDICATORS OVERLOAD STATUS INDICATORS

26.4.0.0.1.80

AECM CONTROL GROUP

CRT MONITOR ASSEMBLY

CARTRIDGE TAPE TRANSPORT

SYSTEM POWER CONTROL

CONSOLE BREAKER

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FIGURE 4. DCC FRONT PANEL LOCATOR

IV. CONSOLE FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

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1. Cartridge Tape Transport (CTT)

The Cartridge Tape Transport (Fig. 5, panel 1) is a magnetic tape transport assembly which allows loading of the operational and diagnostic programs into the computer.

2. System Power Control

The SYSTEM POWER switch (Fig. 5, panel 2) has five positions:

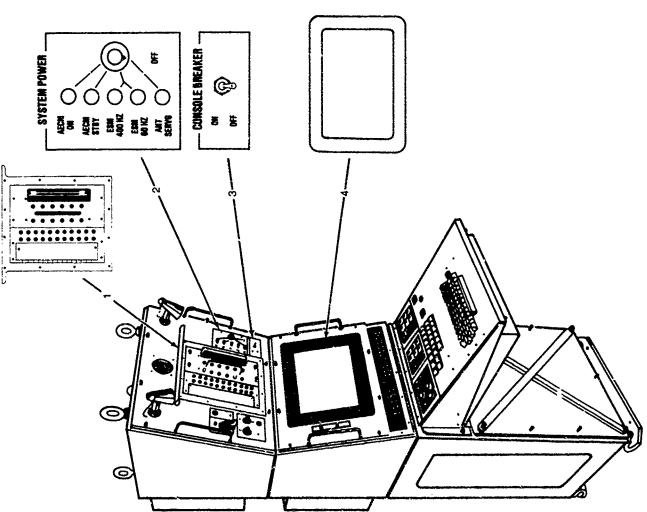
To prevent damage to the equipment, do not set the SYSTEM POWER switch to AECM ON before the computer program has been loaded. CAUTION:

- OFF All primary power to the system is disconnected at the power control relays in the power distribution boxes and at the DCC.
- Not applicable to ANT. SERVO - Places the antennas in the stow position when powering down. V(1) or V(2)
- ESM 60 Hz and ESM 400 Hz Applies 60 Hz and 400 Hz to the ESM portion of the system. ပ
- AECM STBY Applies 60 Hz and 400 Hz to the standby portion of the AECM system. Not applicable to V(1) or V(2). ъ
- AECM CN Applies 60 Hz and 400 Hz to the remainder of the AECM system. A 2-minute warm-up Not applicable to V(1) or V(2) period is still required for the High Voltage Power Supplies.

3. Console Breaker

The CONSOLE BPEAKER (Fig. 5, panel 3) is a two-position on/off switch type circuit breaker that provides In the OFF 115 VAC, three-phase, 400 Hz input power, with 4-ampere overload protection, to the console.

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FIGURE 5. DCC FRONT PANEL LOCATOR

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position, input power is disconnected from the console; however, the SYSTEM POWER switch is operative for ಭ the SYSTEM POWER switch. In the event that the circuit breaker is tripped, it must be momentarily set the rest of the system. In the ON position, input power is provided via every position (except OFF) OFF for resetting before it can be effectively placed in the ON position.

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N. SPECIAL PROPERTY

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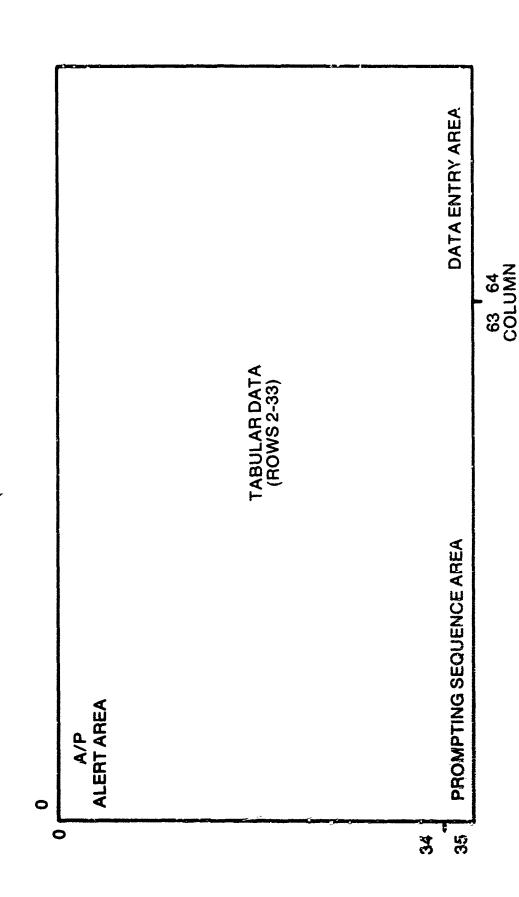
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4. CRT Monitor Assembly

tube (CRT), which is under control of the computer. A contrast control and brightness control are provided The CRT monitor (F.g. 5, panel 4) is a self-refreshed, addressable raster scan, 8x10-inch cathode ray for making operator adjustment for optimum display. The monitor is switchable between a tabular and polar display format.

- Row 35 contains the prompting sequence area (columns O through 63) and a data entry area (columns 64 through 79). The data entry area echoes the keyboard entries to allow operator verification prior to pressing the Tabular Format - The tabular format (Fig. 6) consists of 36 rows and 80 columns for the listing Alert Pending (A/P) indications. Rows 2 through 33 are used exclusively for the display of tabular data. of tabular data across the entire monitor viewing field. Rows and columns O through 2 are reserved for RETURN key to activate carriage return and data entry. Figure 7 is a typical DCC CRT tabular display.
- with radii of 3-3/4, 3, and 1-1/8 inches, plus a small ownship center circle, all of which are offset slightly Polar Format - The polar format (Fig. 8) consists of a polar display of three concentric circles 30 degrees beginning with zero degrees at the top of the display. The radial lines are labeled with the to the right of the display. From the center of the concentric circles, radial lines are provided every <u>٠</u>

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FIGURE 6. DCC CRT TABULAR DISPLAY

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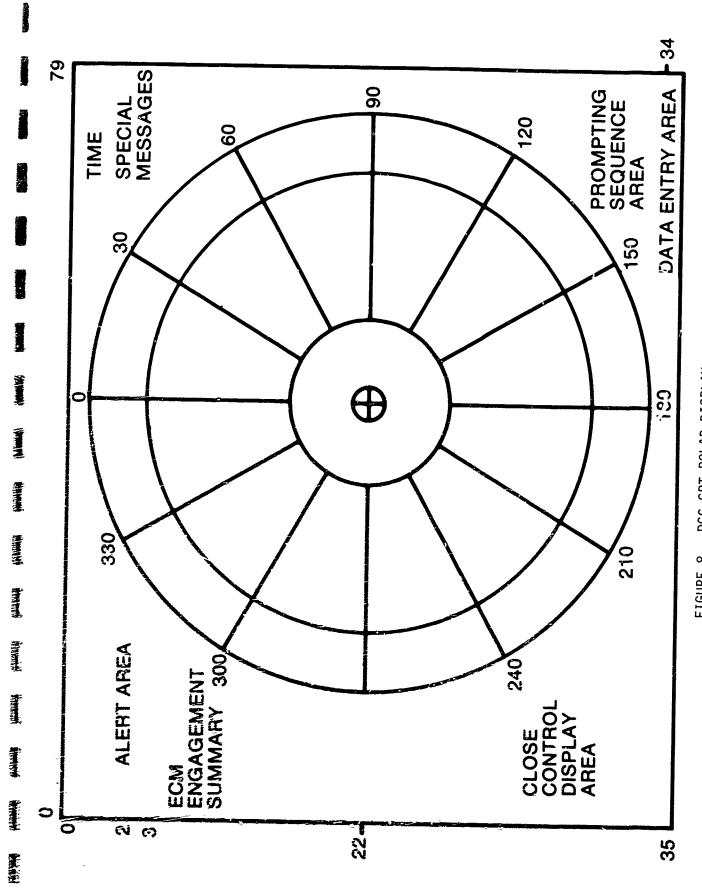
CONTROLS

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68 68 58 58 50 11 12 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13
BADGER TREE SITE SNAKE
965 911 917 623
FANG CANOE MUSH DOWAL
994 916 92 2
FONG SAIL CAVE OSA
963 969 915 921
BAKFIR FISH BOAT WALL
992 998 914 929
STIXX EAGLE PATROL SS SUB SFANAT
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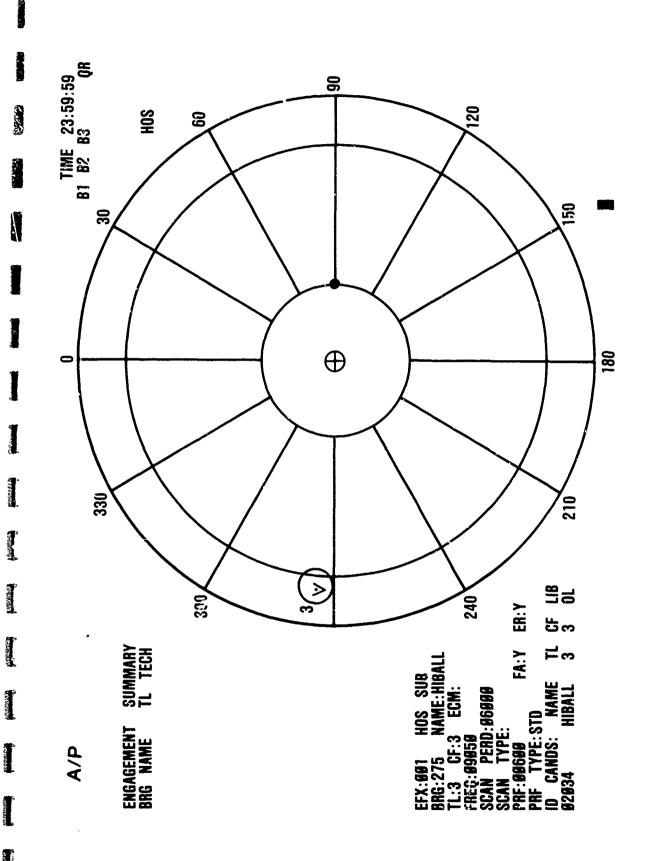
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FIGURE 8. DCC CRT POLAR DISPLAY

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FIGURE 9. TYPICAL DCC CRT POLAR DISPLAY

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appropriate value in degrees, with the exception of 270 degrees. All items described above are displayed at Figure 9 is a typical DCC CRT Polar Display. one-half brightness.

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- display of missiles and unknown emitters having missile-like characteristics (assumed missiles). The innerownship heading dot moves on the 1-1/8-inch circle to indicate the ship's heading, while operating in the TRU BRG (true bearing) mode. While operating in the REL BRG (relative bearing) mode, the ownship heading dot remains at the top of the 1-1/8-inch circle (zero degrees); however, the bearing in the Close Control Polar Display - The area between the two outermost circles is reserved for the display most area displays the ownship symbol at the center, all friendlies, and the ownship heading dot. of hostile and unknown platforms, excluding missiles. The middle concentric ring is used for the Area and the Engagement Summary remains in true.
- (2) Alert Area The upper left portion of the display is used for visually alerting the operator to system faults and/or emitter activity.
- ECM Engagement Summary The middle left portion of the display provides bearing and engagement data for up to sixteen engaged emitters or groups. (V)1 and (V)2 have a similar display titled THREAT SUMMARY with no ECM column,
- Close Control Display Area The lower left portion of the display is used for the display of amplifying information about the emitter under close control.
- Time/Special Messages Area The upper right portion of the display is used to display the time of day in hours, minutes, and seconds (24-hour clock), and special messages, e.g., Bands enabled, Tactical Bias factor, and QR activation. (2)

	SPECIAL SYMBOLS	• Sim	-	SHIP'S	DOT	CJ OX STIFF STICK CURSOR	FRS	<u></u>	HOSTILE HOSTILE SURFACE SUBSURFACE MISSILE LAUNCHER ENGAGED WITH AECM BAND 3
Transité Éscomas immenses imperant	SUB	⊕ Shaper	[·	; Joogt	•>	ALERT BOX	EXAMPLES EMITTERS WITH SPECIAL SYMBOLS AND MODIFIERS	₩	HOSTILE AIR THREE OR MORE EMITTERS
transmid transmid humanimin	AIR SUF	·	Ŀ	<	<u></u>	ED MISSILE	EMITTERS WITH SPE	Ç	NKNOWN FRIENDLY + AIR -ERT BOX TWO EMITTERS + HOOK
Amara Japanes	LAND OR SURFACE	<u></u>	Ŀ	\Diamond	$\overline{\odot}$	ASSUMED			FRIENDLY UNKNOWN SURFACE + + ALERT BOX ALERT BOX + + HOOK
TOTAL STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF	EMITTER	FRIENDLY	UNKNOWN	HOSTILE (EXCEPT MISSILE LAUNCHERS)	HOSTILE (MISSILE LAUNCHERS)	MISSILES		<u>(•</u>	HOSTILE F AIR S

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FIGURE 10. AN/SLQ-32 SYMBOLOGY

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for the vary bottom line, displays computer-generated prompts. The bottom line echoes the alphanumeric keyboard entries to allow operator verification of data prior to RETURN (carriage return) activation. (.6) Prompting Sequence/Data Entry Area - The lower right portion of the display, except

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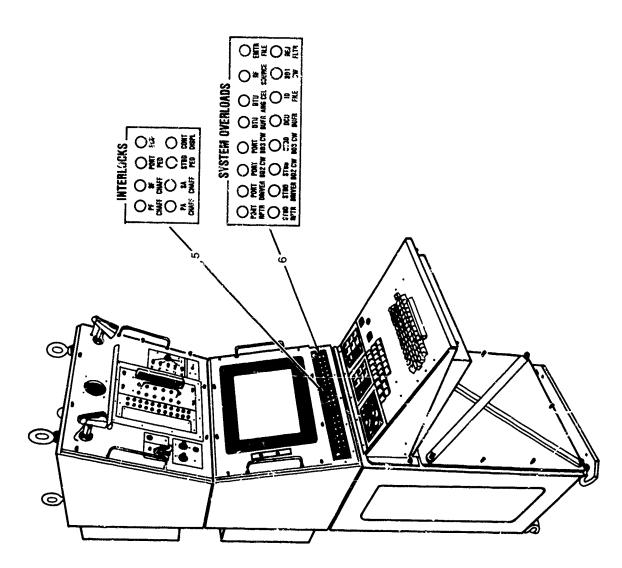
Figure 10 presents the AN/SLQ-32(V) Symbology. Note that the symbol for an unknown emitter is the same for all platform categories.

5. Interlock Status Indicators

Each one illuminates operation is dependent on the specific interlocks which are open. The following is a description of each to indicate that the corresponding interlock circuit is open. The condition causing the open interlock circuit must be corrected before the system can be operated normally. However, the impact on system The INTERLOCK group (Fig. 11, panel 5) consists of eight amber LED indicators. indicator:

- This switch must be manually returned to the ARM position to ready the chaff launcher for opera-The BATTLESHORT switch will safe status is accomplished by switching the two-position arming toggle switch on the launcher to the safe Port and Starboard Chaff - The PF, PA, SF, and SA CHAFF indicators illuminate in the event that the corresponding port or starboard chaff launcher is remotely safed. Setting the chaff launcher to the tion and extinguish the corresponding port chaff or starboard chaff indicator. not override the safe switch at the chaff launcher. position.
- when the servo is disabled, rendering the corresponding antenna array stationary, in the event that either of Port and Starboard Antenna Pedestal - The corresponding PORT PED/STBD PED indicator illuminates

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FIGURE 11. DCC FRONT PANEL LOCATOR

the following conditions exists: either of the antenna doors is open, opening the door interlock switch; or the servo power amplifier thermal switch is open, due to overheating.

FIGURES.

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- Contiol Display The CONT DISPL indicator illuminates in the event that the monitor display assembly is extended outward on its rack slides, opening an interlock switch. The interlock switch illuminates the DISPL indicator and disconnects high voltage from the display chassis.
- Electronic countermeasures The ECM indicator illuminates in the event that any interconnecting cable is removed from the high voltage power supplies, or the cover from any of the high voltage power When any of these conditions exist, affected power supplies are turned off. ECM indicator is extinguished when all cables and covers are in place. supplies is removed. r;

6. Overload Status Indicators

The indicator The SYSTEM OVERLOAD group (Fig. 11, panel 6) consists of sixteen amber LED indicators. group is divided into the following categories of one or more indicators:

- ECM Overload The applicable indicator(s) blink on and off at 10-second intervals, in the event that an overload condition is detected.
- Continuous Wave Degrade Status The applicable continuous wave (CW) degrade indicator illuminates in the event that an instantaneous frequency measurement (IFM) filter is in use or the system is unable to Upon returning to the normal condition after such CW interference, the indicator reject CW signals. extinguishes. ٠.

7. AECM Control Group

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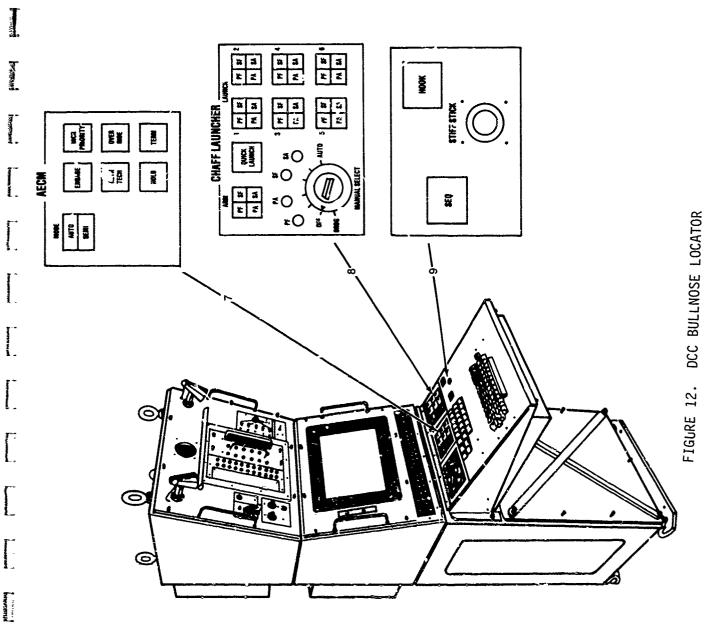
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riding computer actions when operating in the automatic mode. The following is a description for the function rapid entry of specific commands into the computer when operating in the semiautomatic mode, and for over-The AECM control group (Fig. 12, panel 7) provides for operator control of ECM. The FABs allow for of each AECM pushbutton:

- MODE The MODE FAB is a two-position switch providing switching between the AUTO (automatic) and SEMI (semiautomatic) modes of operation. The split indicator illuminates in the mode selected.
- ENGAGE Engagement of an emitter under close control with a computer-recommended jamming technique while the symbol is under close control, or the computer re-allocates resources due to a new, higher priority is listed in the engagement summary area. Engagement continues until either the HOLD or TERM FAB is pressed Band 3 hostile emitter, illegal action is displayed to the operator in the data entry area. Once engaged, an engagement modifier symbol appears on the display across the applicable emitter symbol, and the emitter is accomplished by momentarily pressing the ENGAGE FAB. If the symbol represents an emitter other than a threat emitter.
- the function is the same as for the ENGAGE FAB. Once the ALTN TECH mode is selected, pressing the ALTN TECH ALTN TECH - Momentarily pressing the ALTN TECH FAB changes the technique being employed against a Band 3 threat emitter under close control, to an alternate computer-selected technique. When ECM resources are not immediately available, the computer appropriates resources from lower priority threats, otherwise FAB alternates between ALT 1 and ALT 2. The primary mode is re-attained by pressing ENGAGE.

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emitte" symbol is not in close control, all current and future ECM engagements are temporarily halted, but HOLD - Momentarily pressing the HOLD FAB initiates one of the following actions: If a Band 3 The engagement tracking continues. If a Band 3 emitter symbol is under close control and if a Band 3 emitter is under ECM engagement, the particular engagement is halted, but tracking continues. can be resumed by momentarily pressing the ENGAGE FAB. -ਤ

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- technique and engages the emitter. Since this emitter has the highest priority, the computer appropriates the designated Band 3 emitter as a high threat with top priority. The computer selects the appropriate INCR PRIORITY - Momentarily pressing the INCR PRIORITY FAB commands the computer to regard ECM resources from other active threats, if required,
- CVERRIDE Momentarily pressing the OVERRIDE FAB provides the capability to:
- (1) Maintain an indefinite engagement of QR emitters.
- Permit continued engagement of missiles which have been declared inactive.
- TERM Momentarily pressing the TERM FAB terminates ECM engagement for the emitter associated Other engaged emitters not under close control are not affected. . with the symbol under close control. 5

8. Chaff Launcher Control Group

of super rapid blooming offboard chaff (SRBOC). Included in this group are the ARM, QUICK LAUNCH, and LAUNCH The chaff launcher control group (Fig. 12, panel 8) provides the controls and indicators for deployment FABs and the MANUAL SELECT switch and indicators. MANUAL SELECT Switch - The MANUAL SELECT switch applies power to any of the chaff launchers, trans-٠ ت

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fers control of chaff launching to the bridge, or allows the DPU/CPU to automatically determine the quadrant from which chaff is launched

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- to lessen the chance of accidental launching. When launching, the ARM switch is pressed simultaneously with ARM Switch - The ARM switch is used for launching of chaff. A switchguard covers the ARM switch one of the six LAUNCH switches or the QUICK LAUNCH FAB.
- QUICK LAUNCH Switch The QUICK LAUNCH switch is not implemented.
- has a split indicator with markings for port forward (PF), starboard forward (SF), port aft (PA), and starboard Each FAB LAUNCH Switches - The six LAUNCH switch/indicators are used to inform the operator which launch tubes are armed and ready and, when pressed simultaneously with the ARM switch, will launch chaff. aft (SA) launchers. When a launch tube is armed and ready, the appropriate indicator illuminates. indicators illuminate in red and starboard indicators in green. ₽

9. Upper Operator Panel Controls

- SEQUENCE The SEQUENCE FAB (Fig. 12, panel 9) permits the operator to:
- Respond to alert messages (A/P) concerning emitter activity and system faults. E
- Place emitters in the Engagement Summary [V(3)] and Threat Summary $[V(1),\ V(2)]$ under Close (5) Control,
- STIFF STICK This control (Fig. 12, panel 9) is an unlabeled stiff-stick switch that is springloaded to center, and toggles in any direction. It moves the cursor on the display in the direction that the stiff stick is moved.

by the cursor, under Close Control. It also displays the HOOK symbol around the designated platform symbol. HOOK - Momentarily pressing the HOOK FAB (Fig. 12, panel 9) places the emitter symbol, designated As part of the Close Control display, the CRT presents a list of one or more emitters associated with hooked symbol in the lower left corner of the polar format display.

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10. Fixed Action Button (FAB) Control Group

The Fixed Action Button Control Group (Fig. 13, Panel 10) consists of 22 FABs, eight of which are not used at this time. Each FAB has its own particular function. The following is a description of functions of these FABs:

- ALERT INHIBIT Pressing the ALERT INH. BIT FAB prevents the audio and visual alerts through No Alert round-robin sequence of: (1) Inhibit Friendly Alerts; (2) Inhibit all but System Faults; (3) Inhibits.
- Specify the search limits of the Band 1 receiver; review or specify the ANAL - Pressing the ANAL FAB allows the operator to initiate a sequence of operations to perform ESM tactical environment; review the contents of the system main and on-line library; review or specify any one of the following functions: a Quick Reaction response.
- restore the system-determined identification of the emitter, the operator performs the ID RE-SEARCH action. DESIG ID - Pressing the DESIG ID FAB with an emitter in Close Control allows the operator to initiate a sequence of operations to override the system-determined identification of that emitter.

FIGURE 13. DCC BULLNOSE LOCATOR

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ECM INHIBIT - Pressing the ECM INHIBIT FAB allows the operator to initiate a sequence of operations Up to three sectors may be inhibited to prevent ECM transmissions into azimuth sectors which he specifies. simu!taneously.

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- ENTRY Pressing the ENTRY FAB allows the operator to initiate a sequence of operations to perform or delete ID candidates; transfer the emitter to the on-line library; initiate long-term scan analysis for the following functions for an emitter under Close Control: Enter or modify PRF and/or scan data; select Band 1 emitters.
- ESM INHIBIT Pressing the ESM INHIBIT FAB allows the operator to initiate a sequence of operations to inhibit display of specific emitters (FRIEND, UNKNOWN, HOSTILE/NON-MISSILE) in specific azimuth sectors. Up to three sectors may be inhibited simultaneously.
- ID RSRCH Momentarily pressing the ID RSRCH FAB initiates an ID search of the on-line and main libraries for the emitter under close control. When completed, the message ID RSRCH CMPLT appears in the data entry area and the 1.D candidate list in the Close Control area of the polar display is updated, if applicable.
- operations to create, delete, duplicate, or modify an emitter in the on-line library. Whenever the LIBRARY LIBRARY ENTRY - Pressing the LIBRARY ENTRY FAB allows the operator to initiate a sequence of ENTRY FAB is activated the tabular format is displayed on the CRT.
- PLTFRM CORREL Pressing the PLTFRM CORREL FAB allows the operator to review all emitters, their associated emitter candidates, and platforms within a nine-degree sector of an operator-selected emitter.
- POLAR. Momentarily pressing the POLAR FAB changes a tabular display on the CRT to a polar display.

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READ ON-LINE LIBRARY - Pressing the READ ON-LINE LIBRARY FAB allows the operator to initiate a Any one of sequence of operations which causes a prerecorded on-line library to be read from a cartridge into the computer memory. Space for up to three different on-line libraries exists on the cartridge. these on-line libraries may be selected by the operator.

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- cell containing the emitter under Close Control to the speaker and headset for operator audio analysis. SIGNAL SELECT - Momentarily pressing the SIGNAL SELECT FAB connects the audio from the angle If no emitter is in Close Control, an Illegal Action alert is displayed in the data entry area of monitor.
- to deactivate background testing, enable or disable Band 1, 2, or 3 receiver testing, and reset bit monitor. SOT - Momentarily pressing the SOT FAB initiates a prompting sequence which permits the operator
- played but are still active, missile history dots are erased, and all bearings displayed in the Engagement or relative bearing format for the polar display. The split indicator illuminates green for true bearing and red for relative bearing. In the relative bearing format, ECM and ESM inhibited sectors are not dis-TRU BRG/REL BRG - Momentarily pressing the TRU BRG/REL BRG FAB selects either the true bearing Summary and the Close Control Area remain in true.

11. Keyboard Control Group

In response, the operator types in the requested data or command. data or commands into the computer. It provides the communications link between the operator and the computer, and is used in conjunction with the CRT display. As a general rule the computer displays operator The keyboard control group (Figure 13, panel 11) is an alphanumeric typewriter keyboard for entry of prompts in a designated area on the CRT.

As each character is typed on the keyboard, it is echoed in a designated Data Entry area on the display, A cursor is diswhich permits the verification of the data before they are entered into the computer. played on the monitor in the space where the next character will appear.

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- Special Keys The following is a description of each special key on the keyboard:
- BACKSPACE This key moves the cursor back one space for each actuation.
- CRT. puter the data which have been typed on the keyboard and which are displayed in the Data Entry area of the COMMA - This key performs the same function as RETURN, that is, COMMA enters into the com-(2)
- RETURN This key enters into the computer the data which have been typed on the keyboard and which are displayed in the Data Entry areas of the CRT. The displayed data are erased as they entered into the computer. (3)
- ↑↓ These two keys roll the information displayed on the CRI either up or down (as indicated by the direction of the arrow). They are used whenever the word MORE is displayed at the botton of listing, indicating that more data exist than can be displayed on a single page.
- Previously typed characters can be erased by backspacing/rubbing out to the desired point. RUB OUT - This key functions exactly like the BACKSPACE key. It moves the cursor back one space for each actuation.
- SHIFT This key is used in combination with others to enable and disable the QR response; to enable and disable Bands 1, 2, and 3; and to re-initialize the computer. (9)
- (7) SPACE The SPACE bar moves the cursor one space to the right.
- (8) CTRL The CONTROL key is not used.
- (9) [] The BRACE symbols are not used.

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Audio Control Group 72.

This control group (Fig. 13, panel 12) controls the audio signals to the speaker or headphones. following is a description of the individual controls:

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SPEAKER ON - This FAB is an alternate-action switch and split indicator which turns the speaker

on or off. The translucent letters ON are illuminated in white when the speaker is turned on.

SPEAKER GAIN - This control is a variable resistor which controls the speaker volume.

HEADSET GAIN - The HEADSET GAIN consists of two variable resistor controls. The SIGNAL control

adjusts the gain of the audio of the signal under close control. The VOICE control adjusts the gain of the

PUSH TO TALK - This group consists of six FAB switches for communicating with stations within the A footship. When a station is selected, the pushbutton is illuminated with the name of that station. switch is used to provide "push to talk" control for the operator.

BIT STATUS Indicators <u>.</u>

are monitored by the Background System Operability Test (BSOT), which is resident in the operational program and is performed continuously. When a fault is detected, the corresponding BIT STATUS indicator is illuminated, an alert sounds, and the Alert Pending (A/P) symbol appears in the upper left corner of the monitor. When sequenced to by the operator, an alert message appears in the upper left corner of the CRT indicating The BIT STATUS monitor group (Fig. 14, panel 13) consists of 16 red LED indicators. The BIT circuits which SRU has failed and providing information to assist in fault isolation. The BIT STATUS indicator labeled CONT DISPL cannot be sequenced to. When lit, this indicator means there is no communication

between the console and the computer.

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FIGURE 14. DCC FRONT PANEL LOCATOR

14. Contrast Control

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This control (Fig. 14, panel 14) is used to vary the contrast of the DCC CRT.

15. Brightness Control

This control (Fig. 14, panel 15) is used to vary the brightness of the DCC CRT.

16. Console Illumination Controls

These controls (Fig. 14, panel 16) consist of the following for console and indicator illumination:

- ILLUM DI": The ILLUM DIM control is a variable resistor which varies the brightness of the two upper console floodlamps. The fully counterclockwise position is OFF, and the fully clockwise position provides the brightest illumination.
- LዶMP bIM The LAMP DIM control is a variable resistor control which varies the brightness of all console indicator illumination, except the upper console floodlamps. The fully counterclockwise position is OFF, and the fully clockwise position provides the brightest illumination. ۵.
- LAMP TEST The LAMP TEST switch is a pushbutton switch, used to verify the operability of all DCC and all indicators are illuminated, each indicator is extinguished in the same automatic sequence, beginning initiated by pressing and holding the LAMP TEST switch. Each lamp is illuminated in an automatic sequence beginning at the upper left and progressing to the lower right of the DCC. When the sequence is completed performing the lamp test, the LAMP DIM control (see above) must be adjusted clockwise. The lamp test is indicator lamps and FAB indicators, with the exception of the CHAFF LAUNCHER power indicators. at the upper left of the DCC.

17. BATTLESHORT Control

and safety interlocks, with the exception of the chaff interlock. BATTLESHORT provides for system operation retains the switch in the OFF or normal position. The switch guard must be lifted to set the switch to ON. BATTLESHORT indicator illuminates. These relays, when energized, effectively by-pass the thermal switches under emergency conditions, reducing the possibility of automatic shutdown due to an overheated condition The BATTLESHORT switch (Fig. 14, panel 17) is a two-position toggle switch with a switch guard that In the ON position, control power is applied to the batileshort relays in the distribution box and the or activation of interlocks.

18. PROGRAM LOAD Control

The PROGRAM LOAD button (Fig. 14, panel 18), when pressed, will initiate the loading of the program from the tape into the DPU via the cartridge tape transport.

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Bearing Background System Operability Test Buffer	Candidates Category Confidence Factor	Combat Information Center Circular Complete	Confidence Control Correlate	Complex Cathode Ray Tube Control Console Tape Transport Crystal Video Receiver	Display Control Console Digital Control Unit Degree Delete	Designate Direction Finding Directional Frequency Correlator Directional Frequency Correlator/ Digital Tracking Unit Direction Finding Receiver Date, Hour, Minutes, Seconds
BRG BSOT BUFR	CAT CF CF	CIC CIR CMPLT	CONF CONT CORREL	2527 2727 2727 2727 2727 2727 2727 2727	DCC DCU DEG DEG	DESIG DF DFC DFC/DTU DFR D.H.M.S.
Alternate Technique 1 Alternate Technique 2 Acquisition	Active Electronic Countermeasures Active Emitter File Automatic Frequency Control Automatic Gain Control	Alternate Analysis Angle Cell Antenna Angle Of Arrival	Alert Pending Anti-Ship Cruise Missile Associated Automatic	PA Band 2 Direction Finding Receiver Port Aft PF Band 2 Direction Finding Receiver Port Forward SA Band 2 Direction Finding Receiver Starboard Aft SF Band 2 Direction Finding Receiver Starboard Forward P Band 2 Encoder Port	Band 3 Band 3 Band 3 Band 3	Band 3 1 Band 2 2 Band Beam Fo Built-I Binary Bridge
A1 A2 ACQ	AECM AEF ACC AGC	AL IN ANAL ANGCEL ANT AOA	A/P ASCM ASSOC AUTO	BZDFR F BZDFR F BZDFR S BZDFR S BZENCD BZENCD	B3DFR B3DFR B3DFR B3DFR B3DFR	63ENCD BD1 or BD2 or BFL BIT BIT BRDG

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	Identification ID Candidates Identification Friend or Foe	Instantaneous Frequency Measurement	Instantaneous Frequency Measurement	Coarse Frequency Receiver	Instantaneous Frequency Measurement Multiplexer	lumination	Increase	Inhibit	Installation	Infrared		Jittered		Kilohertz		Leader	Light Emitting Diode	brary	Land		Megahertz	[ti-Installation	in Library	11 is econds	Missile	ltiple	itiple
	ID ID CANDS I		IFM CFR I		×	5			STAL	IR		JIT		XHZ K			LED L				7					MULT	
מות ומכצוים חווכ	Emitter Count Electronic Countermeasures	Electronic Counter-Countermeasures	Electronic Data Processing	Emitter File Memory	Emitter File Index	For Example	Electromagnetic Interference	Emitter	Emitter Number	Environment	Error	Electronic Support Measures	Early Warning	Electronic Warfare	Electronic Warfare Suite;	Electronic Warfare System;	Electronic Warfare Supervisor		False Alarm	Fixed Accron Button	Filter	Friendly	Forced Identification	Frequency	Frequency Seiect Receiver		Giganertz
2	EC SOM	ECCM	EDP	EFM	EFX	і С.	EMI	EMTR	ÉN	ENV	Ē						-		FA	FAB	FLTR	FND	FOR ID	FREO	FSR		GHZ

Hostile High Voltage Sequence High Voltage Power Supply Hertz

HOS HVSEQ HVPS KZ

Display Doctrine Data Processing Unit Data Processing Unit Loading

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	Reject Relative Research Review Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequence Pepeater Research Port Stabilizer Starboard Aft Scan System Diagnostic Test Sector Sector Sector Setion System Diagnostic Test Sector Serial Input/Output Controller System Operability Test Specification Super Rapid Blooming Offboard Chaff Search Ship Replaceable Unit Stabilizer Staggered Starboard
	Reject Relative Research Review Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Radio Frequency Ratio Frequency Research Starboard Aft Scan System Diagnostic Tes Select Select Select Serial Input/Output C Sequence Starboard Forward Serial Input/Output C System Operability Te Specification Super Rapid Blooming Starboard Starboard Stabilizer Staggered Starboard Starbo
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Seatted fill	Non- or Not Applicable Neutral Nautical Mile Nautical Mile Navy Tactical Data System On-Line Primary Period Port Aft Parameter Parameter Parameter Parameter Poppler Parameter Poppler Parameter Pulse Group Pulse Group Pulse Group Pulse Group Pulse Group Pulse Group Pulse Repetition Indicator Pulse Repetition Indicator Pulse Repetition Offication Pulse Repetition Interval Pulse Repetition Interval Pulse Repetition Interval Pulse Repetition Interval Pulse Repetition Interval Pulse Repetition Interval Pulse Repetition Rate Rapid Blooming Offboard Chaff Receiver
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TACT Tactical
TDS Tactical Data System
TECH Technique
TERM Terminate
TGU Technique Generator Unit
TL Threat Level
TOL Tolerance
TR Targeting Radar
TRU True
TTT Time To Impact
TTT Traveling-Wave Tube

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State Section

UNK Unknown

(V) Variant

XFER Transfer
XFMR Transformer
XPNDR Transponder
XPONDERP Port Transponder
XPONDERS Starboard Transponder

Yes

VI. INDEX

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Page	26	T 24	24					26			•		LIBRARY	•			27	67		26	Indicator	Group		31	
Page	20 Entry	15 ALERT INHIBI	ANAL .	24 DESIG ID 2,3 ECM INHIBIT.	ENGA ENGA	o	17 HOLD	ID RS	32 INCR PRIORITY 29 LIBRARY ENTRY	MODE	OVERRIC				SOT.	TERM	TRU	Hold	Hook.	4 .7.11.12.13	4,18,21,25,30 Interlocks Stat	increase Priority Kevboard Control	Lamp Dim	20 Lamp Test	
a.	AECM FABs	Alert Area.	Alternate Technique (ALTN TECH)	Analysis			al Indicator		Battleshort		ness Control.	Cartridge Tape Transport (CTT)	• • •	Comma		isplay Indicator (CONT DISPL).	unitor Assembly	Status Indicator	•	Display Control Console (DCC)		ECM Inhibit	ECM Overload Indicator	Engage	

Page	Page
Library Entry	Sequence
Line Feed	Shift
Manual Select Switch	Signal Select
Mode 20	Space 28
Overload Status Indicator 19	Speaker Gain 29
Override	Speaker On
Platform Correlation 26	Special Messages 15
Polar 26	Stiff Stick
Polar Display 15	Symbology 16
Polar Format	ubility Test (SOT) 2
Program Load	System Power Control 8
Prompting Sequence 17	Tabular Format 10
Push to Talk 29	Terminate
Quick Launch Switch 23	Threat Summary 15
Quick Reaction	Time
Read On-Line Library	True/Rel Bearing
Return	
Rub Out 28	